

NATURALISTIC OPEN WOODLAND VEGETATION



ANGOPHORA COSTATA, PANDOREA PANDORANA, HARDENBERGIA VIOLACEA, HAKEA SERICEA, KENNEDIA RUBICUNDA AND THEMEDA AUSTRALIS AS OPEN WOODLAND SETTING FOR NEW BUILDINGS AND LINKS TO EXISTING VEGETATION

ORNAMENTAL NATIVE PLANTING



BANKSIA SERRATA, EUCALYPTUS HAEMASTOMA, CALLISTEMON LITTLE JOHN, SCAEVOLA AEMULA, SYZYGIVM LUEHMANNII, LOMANDRA FLUVIATILIS AND GREVILLEA LAVANDULACEA AS MORE VIBRANT NATIVE PLANTING ALONG STREET FRONTAGE AND IN COMMUNAL AREAS

PLANTING STRATEGIES

The planting proposals intend to provide a variety of native vegetation characters to lend varying identities to the different open space areas. All native or endemic species are proposed to be used to remain in keeping with the campus planting themes and minimise water needs.

The extension of an open woodland north and south of the development is to capture building views through and above a screen of trees.

A more ornamental native planting with a denser understorey and feature trees, carefully placed to frame views and protect privacy, will provide interest and colour at active building facades.

Dense, low and colourful planting is also proposed in the raised planters at the building interface as a soft edge to the living areas and building curtilage.

Tree planting is an important aspect of the landscape proposals as an extension of existing bushland. In order to ensure a dense tree framework is achieved in the future, larger numbers of smaller specimens will be installed in the first instance and allowed to mature.

BUILDING INTERFACE



HARDENBERGIA MEEMA, BANKSIA ERICIFOLIA AND KUNZEA AMBIGUA IN RAISED PLANTERS AT BASE OF BUILDINGS

DWARF LILLY-PILLY AND DIANELLA SPP. IN PLANTERS ON SOUTH FACE OF BUILDINGS